## General Review AP Calc

Draw the pictures, and integrate. You should be able to do all of these without a calculator! (YIKES!) ☺

- 1. Find the area between  $f(x) = 2 x^2$  and g(x) = x
- 2. Find the area between  $f(x) = x^3 2x^2 + x 1$  and  $g(x) = -x^2 + 3x 1$
- 3. Find the area between  $x = 3 y^2$  and y = x 1
- 4. Find the volume of the solid formed by rotating the region  $y=\sqrt{x}$  and  $y=x^2$  @x-axis
- 5. Revolve the region bounded by  $y = x^2 + 1$ , y = 0, x = 0, and x = 1 about the y-axis, then find the volume.
- 6. Find the volume of the solid whose base is the area bounded by the lines  $f(x) = 1 \frac{x}{2}$ ,  $g(x) = \frac{x}{2} - 1$  and x = 0 whose cross sections are  $\perp$  to the x-axis are equilateral  $\Delta's$ .
- 7. Find the volume of the solid formed by revolving the region bounded by the graphs of  $y = x^3 + x + 1$ , y = 1 and x = 1 about the line x=1.

Integrate. Remember to use u-sub, vu-du, partial fractions, or any other tricky-trick we know. Show all work, DO NOT USE YOUR CALCULATOR!

$$8. \int \frac{x+3}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$$

$$9. \int_0^{\pi/4} (\sin 2x) e^{-\cos 2x} dx$$

$$10. \int \frac{1+\cos(e^{-2x})}{e^{2x}} dx$$

$$11.\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{16-x^6}} dx$$

$$12. \int \frac{1}{1+e^x} dx$$

13. 
$$\int (\cot x)[\ln(\sin x)]dx$$

14. 
$$\int tan^2 2x dx$$

15. 
$$\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$$

16. 
$$\int arcsinx dx$$

17. 
$$\int \sin^3 x \cos^4 x \, dx$$
 18.  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^4 x \, dx$ 

18. 
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^4 x \ dx$$

19. 
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 - 5x + 6} dx$$

$$20. \quad \int \frac{2x^3 + x^2 - 7x + 7}{x^2 + x - 2} \, dx$$